Cyber Crime -Top Tips

The following details are copied from a leaflet distributed by an area's Cyber Protect Officer which provides some very helpful information about Cyber Crime, thought this would be useful to share with other u3a members.

- 1. PASSWORDS / 2FA / 2SV. Use Strong Passwords. Consider using ThreeR@nd0mWord\$. Your password MUST contain at least 12 characters. Don't use the same password for all your accounts. The strongest should be for your primary email account and this password should not be used for anything else. Where possible activate 2 Factor Authentication (2FA) / Two-Step verification (2SV). This generally involves sending a text to your mobile phone to double-check that it is you carrying out a particular transaction. If you have difficulties remembering lots of passwords, consider using an on-line 'password manager'. There are various free and paid for password managers available.
- 2. UPDATES and APPS. Always take operating systems and software updates as soon as possible. Turn on your Anti-Virus / Firewall and keep them updated. Don't use old operating systems that are no longer supported. These are particularly vulnerable to attacks. Only download Apps from accredited Apps stores.
- 3. BACK-UPS. Regularly back-up your important data onto a removable hard drive (or USB stick or SD Card, if more practical). Consider keeping your back-ups off-site, in a fireproof /waterproof safe.
- 4. PHISHING / SOCIAL ENGINEERING. Never assume incoming emails are genuine. Even if you recognise the email address because email accounts can be 'hacked'. Never believe voice calls and text messages are genuine, even if you recognise the phone number. Phone numbers can be 'Spoofed' (falsified). ALWAYS CONFIRM using the contact information you have obtained from your own records or from publicly available sources.

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Remember – Criminals will PHISH to obtain information from you. DON'T GIVE OUT ANY SENSITIVE INFORMATION TO INCOMING CALLERS. Send all email PHISHING attempts to report@phishing.gov.uk and send fake text messages onto 7726 (Spam). Call 159 to quickly be directed to your banks Fraud Team.

- 5. PRIVACY SETTINGS. Regularly check the privacy settings on your Social Media accounts and be careful what you post on social media. Do you really want everyone to know your house is empty when you are away on holiday?
- 6. WI-FI. Be cautious when using public Wi-Fi and don't pass sensitive information, passwords, or bank account details over public Wi-Fi.
- 7. SECURING YOUR DEVICES. Ensure all your devices including your mobile phone(s) are password or PIN protected Keep them 'locked' when not in use. Use Fingerprint or facial

recognition if available. Only grant remote access to your device (computer / mobile phone / tablet), to someone you personally know and thoroughly trust. Never grant remote access to any incoming telephone callers. Try and avoid using publicly available USB re-charging points. These can be interfered with to compromise the security of your device (Juice Jacking). It is generally safer to charge devices from a standard electricity point or your own portable powerpack.

- 8. CREDIT CARDS. For added protection, please use a credit card for all your on-line transactions.
- 9. QR CODES. Carefully check QR codes before scanning them. Do they look genuine? Have they been tampered with? Can you do the transaction without using the QR code? Avoid Scanning from unknown / untrusted sources.
- 10. INCOMING MESSAGES. Be wary of ALL incoming messages, including voice calls, SMS text messages, emails and social media messages, even from people you may know or email addresses you recognise. Remember accounts can be hacked and emails, social media addresses and phone numbers can be 'Spoofed' (falsified). Both voice calls and videos from individuals know personally can be 'DEEP FAKED'. Don't rely on caller ID display. If you are concerned about an incoming call, hang up, call the caller back using another phone and the phone number YOU have obtained yourself from your own trusted sources. Never Assume, Never Believe, ALWAYS CONFIRM. Be particularly cautious of any requests you may get to change the details of a regular outgoing payment or to create a new payment.
- 11. Never share your passwords. Organisations including financial institutions, HMRC, the DVLA, the NHS, other Government bodies, and the Police will never ask for YOUR PIN, YOUR Passwords, YOUR personal / financial details. NEVER-EVER share those details. Any requests you get, claiming to come from such organisations, WILL BE A SCAM!
- 12. Don't Rush. Question Everything / Seek Advice / Never Assume, Never Believe, ALWAYS CONFIRM. Go to Have I Been Pwned: Check if your email has been compromised in a data breach to see if your email has been involved in a data-breach.

Please see the next page on how to:

- Report Cyber Crime
- Contact the Fraud Department of your bank

Reporting Cyber Crime

Contact the Fraud Department of your bank – Dial 159

Action Fraud customer channels









Social Media

Help and advice. How to protect against fraud. News and alerts. Real time fraud intelligence.



0300 123 2040

Report fraud and cyber crime. Help, support and advice.

Report 24/7 & Web Chat www.actionfraud.police.uk Secure online reporting. News and Alerts. Advice on avoiding the latest scams.



24/7 Live cyber
Specialist line for business, charities or organisations suffering live cyber attacks

National Fraud and Cyber Crime Reporting Centre

2,000+ calls per day 250+ web chats per day Cifas Data **UK Finance**